

Service Manual

**CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS
REPAIR & ADJUSTMENTS**



**ORDER NO.
ARP-809-0**

DYNAMIC EXPANDER

EX-9000(BK) EX-9000

- Model EX-9000 come in two colors design, black and silver.
- Models EX-9000[BK] (black) and EX-9000 (Silver) come in Five Versions distinguished as follows:

Type	Applicable model		Power requirement	Destination
	EX-9000(BK)	EX-9000		
KU	○	—	AC 120V only	U.S.A.
S	○	○	AC110V, 120V, 220V, 240V (Switchable)	General export
S/G	○	—	AC110V, 120V, 220V, 240V (Switchable)	U.S Military
HEM	○	○	AC220V (240V) ※	European continent
HB	○	○	AC240V (220V) ※	United Kingdom

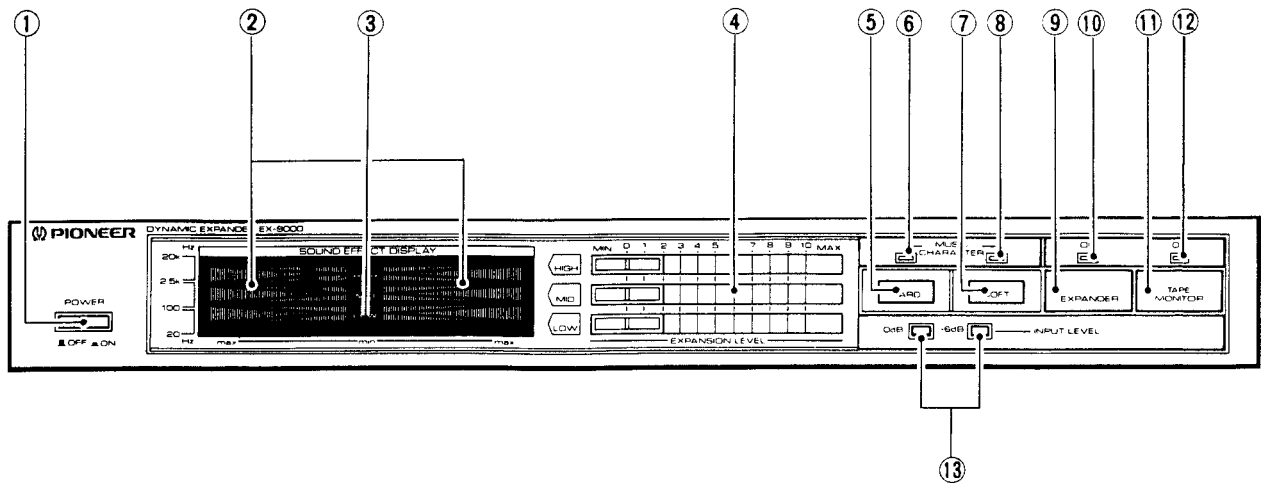
※ Change the primary wiring of the power transformer.

- This service manual is applicable to the KU, S and S/G types. As to the S and S/G types, please refer to page 23.
- As to the HEM and HB types, please refer to the additional service manual (ARP-81 0).

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3. FRONT PANEL FACILITIES



① POWER switch (■ OFF ■ ON)

When this switch is set to the ON position, power is supplied to the unit's main circuits. Disconnect the power cord from the power outlet when you do not plan to use the unit for a long period of time.

② SOUND EFFECT DISPLAY

This DISPLAY indicates the degree of expansion applied to the dynamic range. The three ranges LOW, MID, HIGH are indicated equally to right and left of center with the red and white F.L. tube display.

③ LOW, MID, HIGH indicators

These indicate the division of the frequency spectrum into three bands. When the POWER switch ① is pressed, these indicators light and thus function as power indicators.

④ LOW, MID, HIGH dynamic EXPANSION LEVEL controls

These controls divide the frequency spectrum into the three bands LOW (20 — 100 Hz), MID (100 — 2.5 kHz), and HIGH (2.5 kHz — 20 kHz); as the respective controls are moved toward the right, the dynamic range of the corresponding frequency is emphasized. Set the three controls to the optimum position in accordance with the type of music being played, and your own preferences. When set to the MIN position, the SOUND EFFECT DISPLAY will not move.

⑤ HARD switch

Operates when the EXPANDER switch ⑨ is set to ON. The playback sound will take on a harder edge, with a greater sense of presence.

⑥ HARD indicator (MUSIC CHARACTER)

⑦ SOFT switch

Operates when the EXPANDER switch ⑨ is set to ON. The playback sound will become softer, suitable for easy listening.

⑧ SOFT indicator (MUSIC CHARACTER)

⑨ EXPANDER switch

When this switch is pressed, expansion effect is added to the signals input to the EXPANDER INPUT terminals. The indicator ⑩ will light, and the SOUND EFFECT DISPLAY ② and indicators ⑥ and ⑧ will not light, even if the HARD or SOFT switch (⑤ or ⑦) is pressed. In the OFF position, the expansion circuitry is disconnected, so a check can be performed of the degree of expansion effect by turning the switch on and off.

⑩ EXPANDER indicator

Lights when the EXPANDER switch is turned ON.

⑪ TAPE MONITOR switch

Press when playing back tapes or performing recording monitoring on the tape deck connected to the rear panel terminals. When you wish to add expansion effects to the tape's playback sound, press this switch and the EXPANDER switch ⑨.

⑫ TAPE MONITOR indicator

Lights when the TAPE MONITOR switch is set to ON.

⑬ INPUT LEVEL selector (0 dB, -6 dB)


Set in accordance with the input level of the input music source.

NOTES:

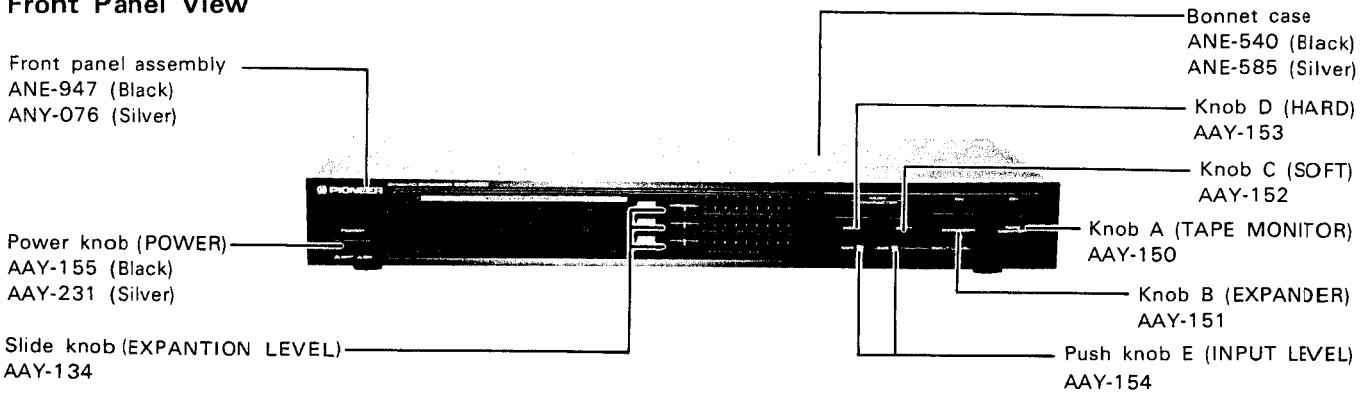
- When the POWER switch is OFF, no signals will be output from the OUT terminals, regardless of the EXPANDER switch.
- When the TAPE MONITOR switch is ON, no expansion effect will be output from the TAPE REC terminals.

4. PARTS LOCATION

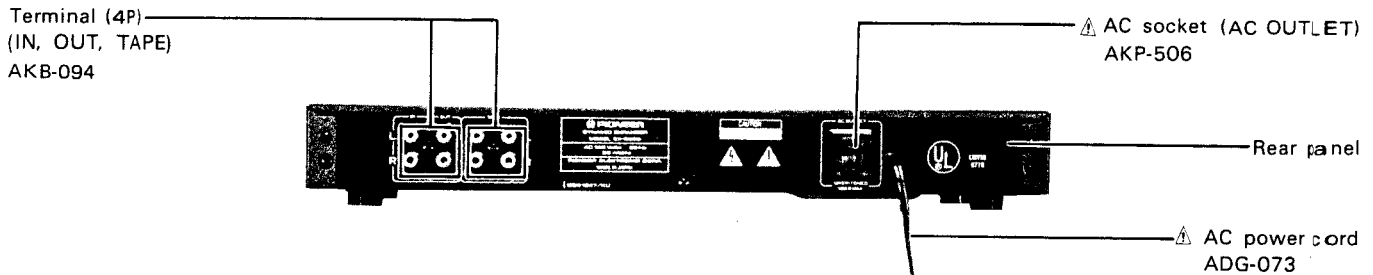
NOTES:

- The  mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★★** and **★**.
★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★
 This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

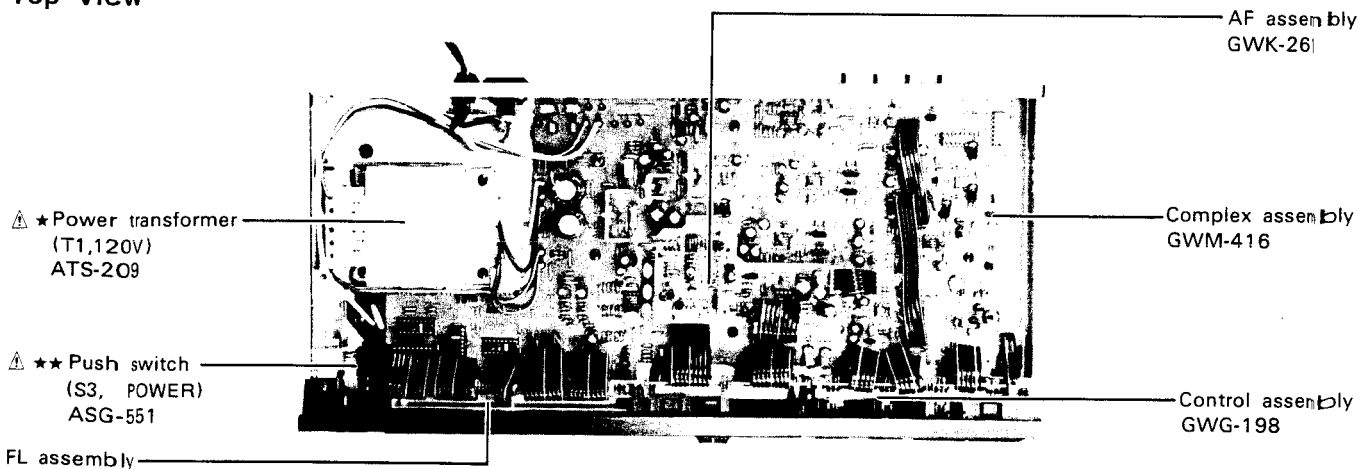
Front Panel View



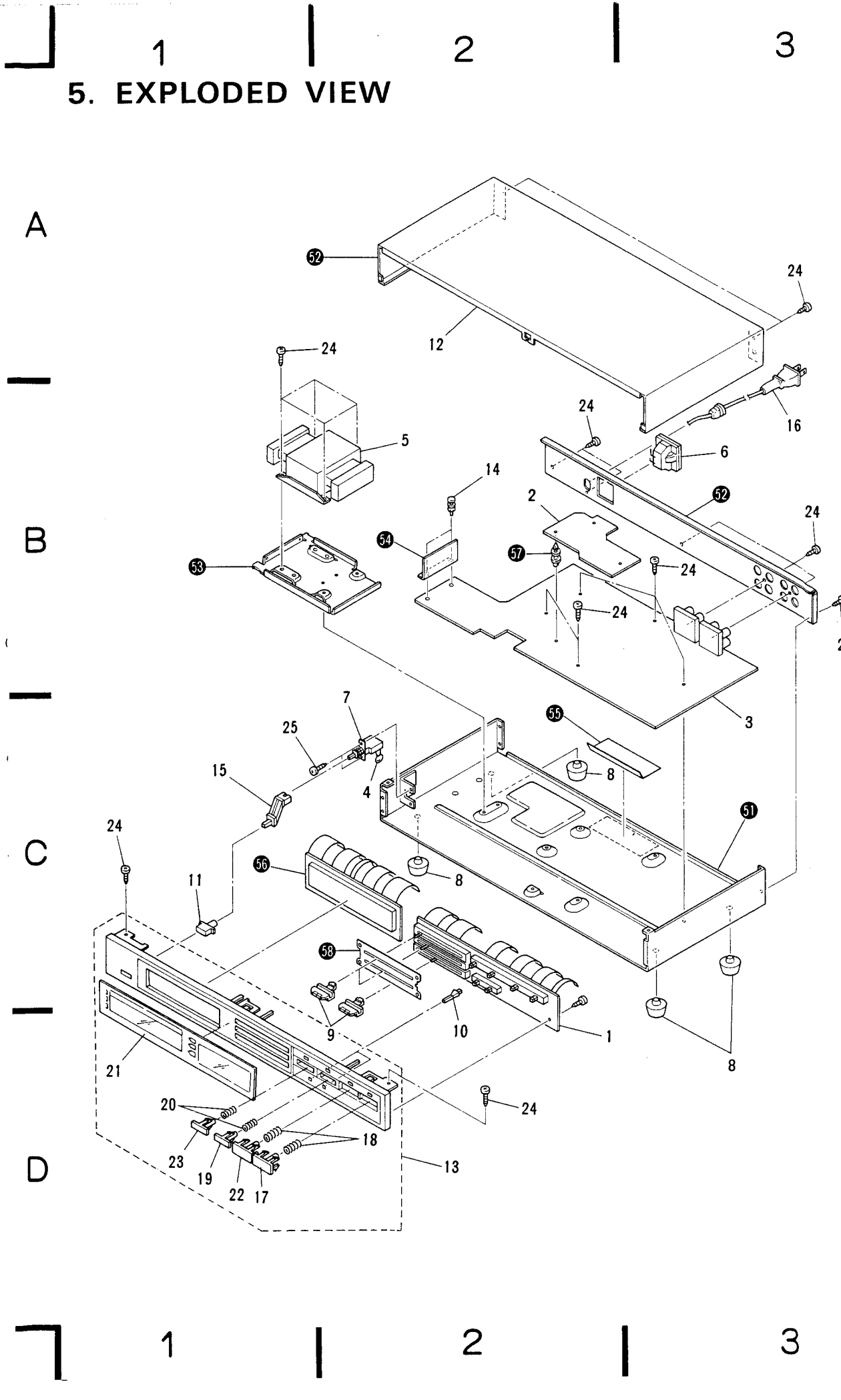
Rear Panel View



Top View



5. EXPLODED VIEW



NOTES:

- *Parts without part number cannot be supplied.*
- *The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.*
- *For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ****** and *****.*
**** GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ***
This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

Parts List (EX-9000 [BK])

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1	GWG-198	Control assembly	Δ	16	ADG-073	AC power cord
	2	GWK-261	AF assembly		17	AAV-150	Knob A (TAPE MONITOR)
	3	GWM-416	Complex assembly		18	ABH-095	Coil spring
Δ	4	ACG-502	Ceramic capacitor (C600) (0.01/125V)		19	AAV-152	Knob C (SOFT)
Δ *	5	ATS-209	Power transformer (T1, 120V)		20	ABH-099	Coil spring
					21	ANZ-024	Display panel
Δ	6	AKP-506	AC socket (AC OUTLET)		22	AAV-151	Knob B (EXPANDER)
Δ **	7	ASG-551	Push switch (S3, POWER)		23	AAV-153	Knob D (HARD)
	8	AEP-016	Leg assembly		24	BBZ30P080FZK	Screw 3x8
	9	AAV-134	Slide knob (EXPANTION LEVEL)		25	VMZ30P060FMC	Screw 3x6
	10	AAV-154	Push knob E (INPUT LEVEL)		51		Chassis
					52		Rear panel
					53		Transformer stay
	11	AAV-155	Power knob (POWER)		54		Barrier A
	12	ANE-540	Bonnet case		55		Barrier B
	13	ANE-947	Front panel assembly				
	14	AEC-525	Nylon rivet		56		FL assembly
	15	ANR-879	Push lod		57		P.C. B holder
					58		Blind sheet

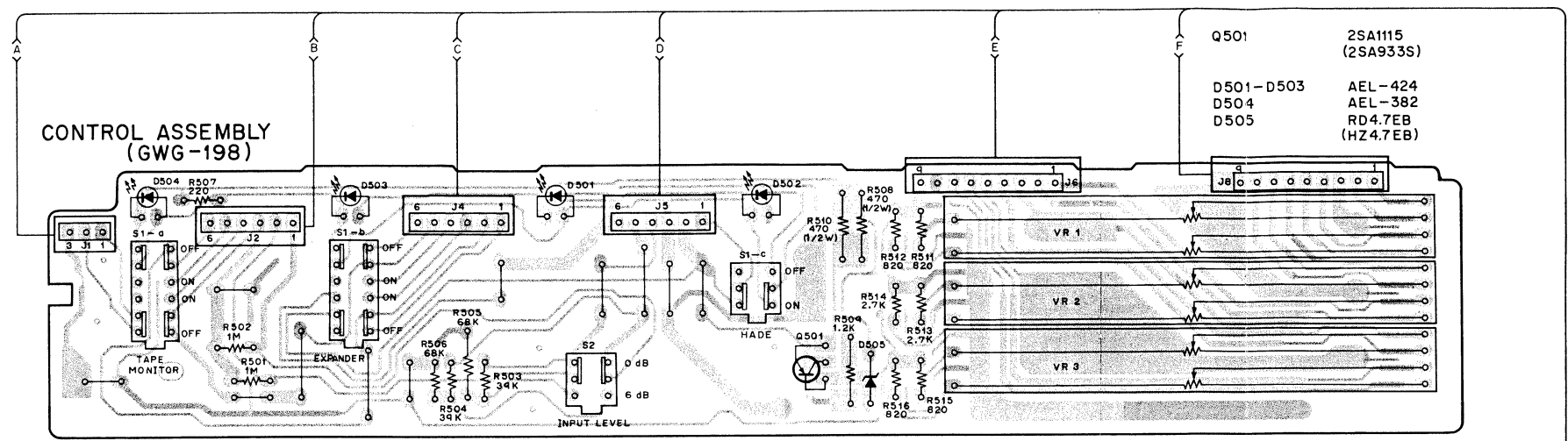
Contrast of EX-9000(BK) and EX-9000

Mark	Description	Part No.		Remarks
		EX-9000(BK) type	EX-9000 type	
	Front panel assembly	* ANM-947	ANY-076	
	Bonnet case	* ANE-540	ANE-585	
	Power knob (POWER)	* AAV-155	AAV-231	

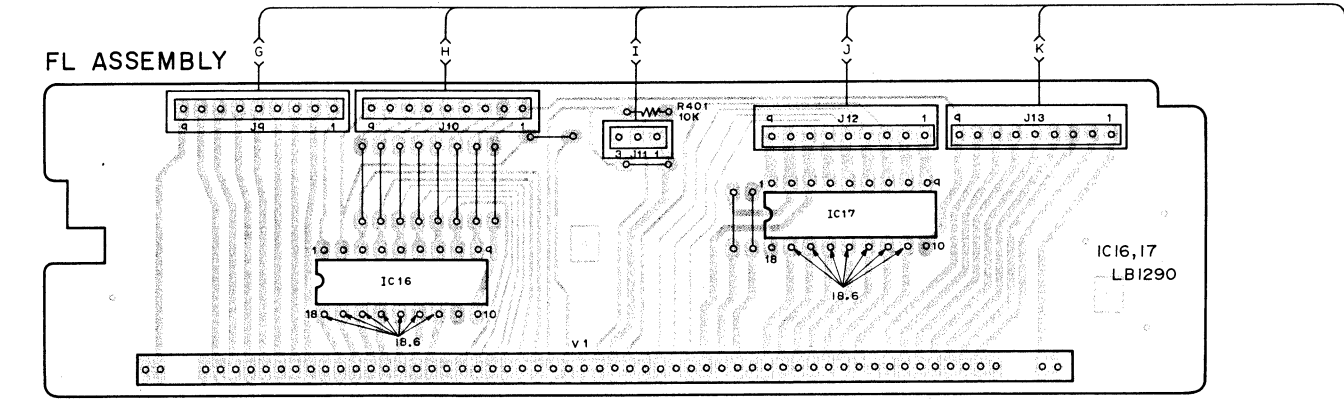
Note: * is black type.

6. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

A

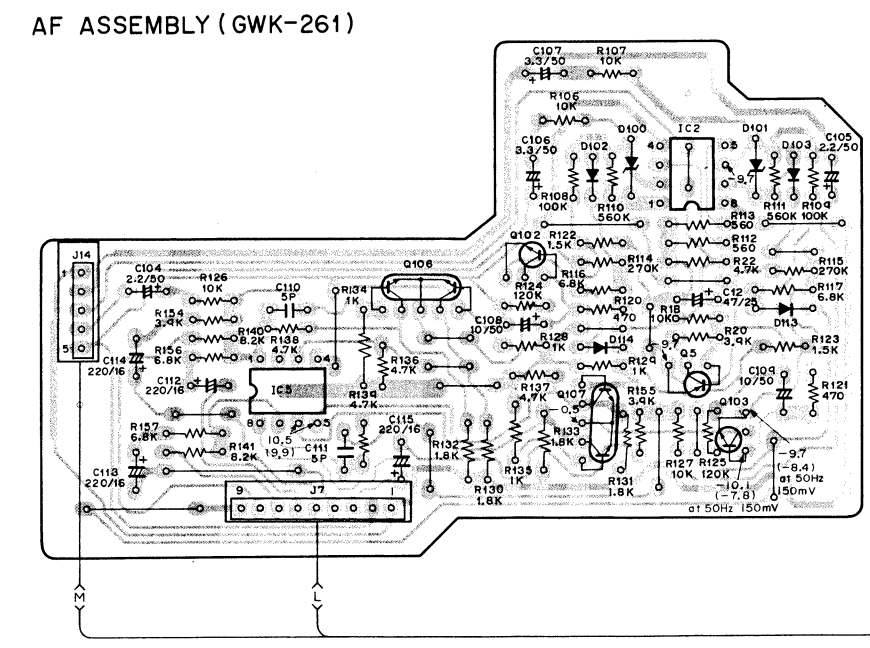


B

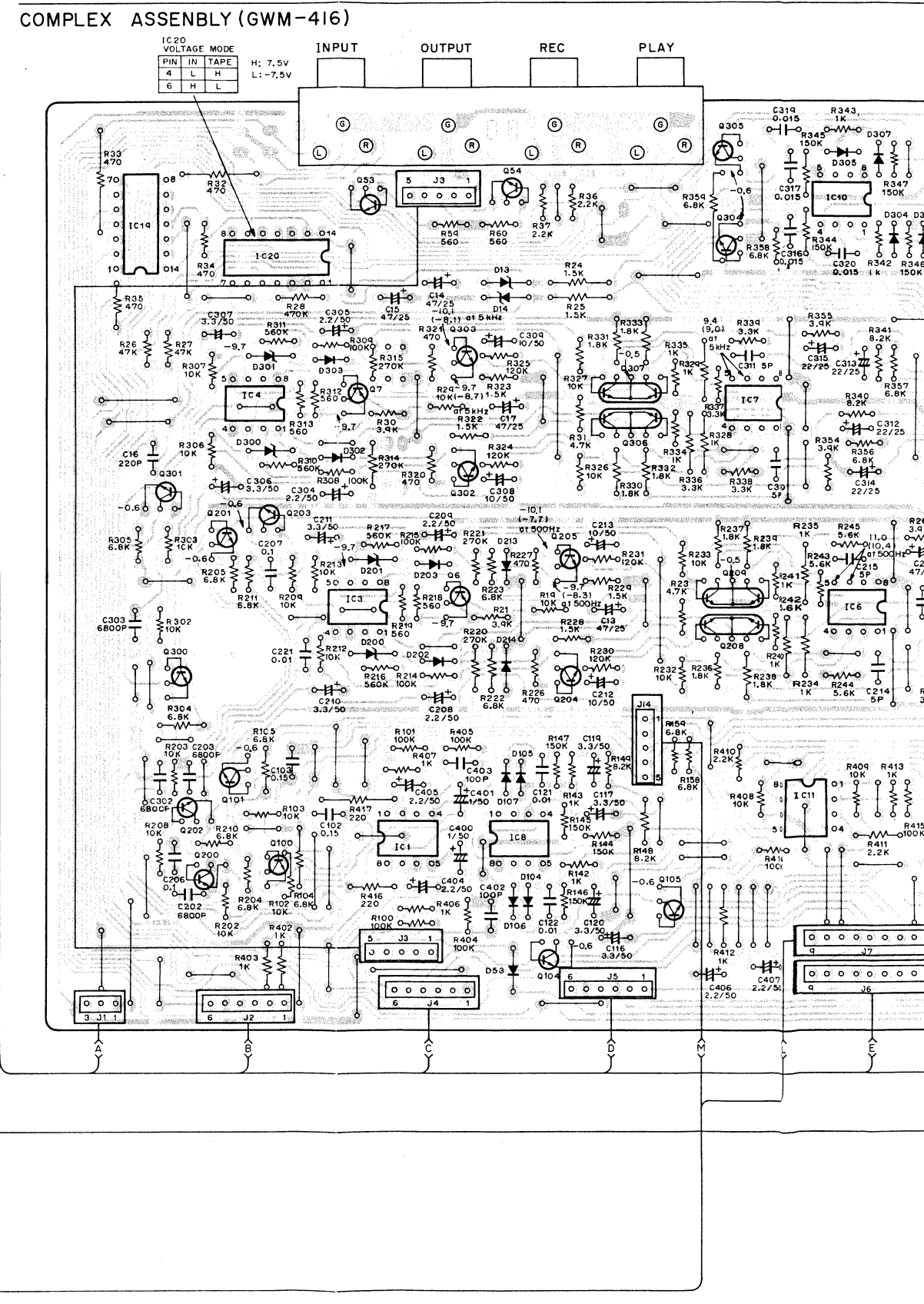
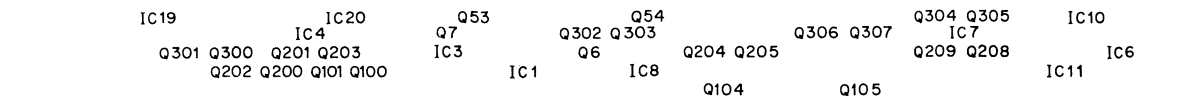


- | | |
|--|--|
| IC1, IC3, IC4, IC6-IC11, IC13-IC15, IC18, IC19, IC20 | NJM4558DC, HA12010, LB1290, TC4066BP, TC4069UBP |
| Q1, Q2-Q4, Q6, Q7, Q51 | 2SB750A, 2SD836A, 2SA1115 (2SA933S), 2SC2603 (2SC1740S), 2SC2878, 2SC1845 |
| Q50, Q52, Q104, Q105, Q206, Q207, Q304, Q305, Q53, Q54, Q108, Q210, Q308, Q100, Q101, Q200-Q205, Q300-Q303, Q208, Q209, Q306, Q307 | 2SC2259 |
| D1, D2, D3, D4, D5, D6, D7 | 1S2471, S5566, RD22EB (HZ22EB), RD16EB (HZ16EB), RD9.1EB (HZ9.1EB), 1SS131 |
| D8, D9, D10 | RD7.5EB (HZ7.5EB), KZL083, RD10EB (HZ10EB) |
| D51, D200, D201, D300, D301 | |

C



D



7. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

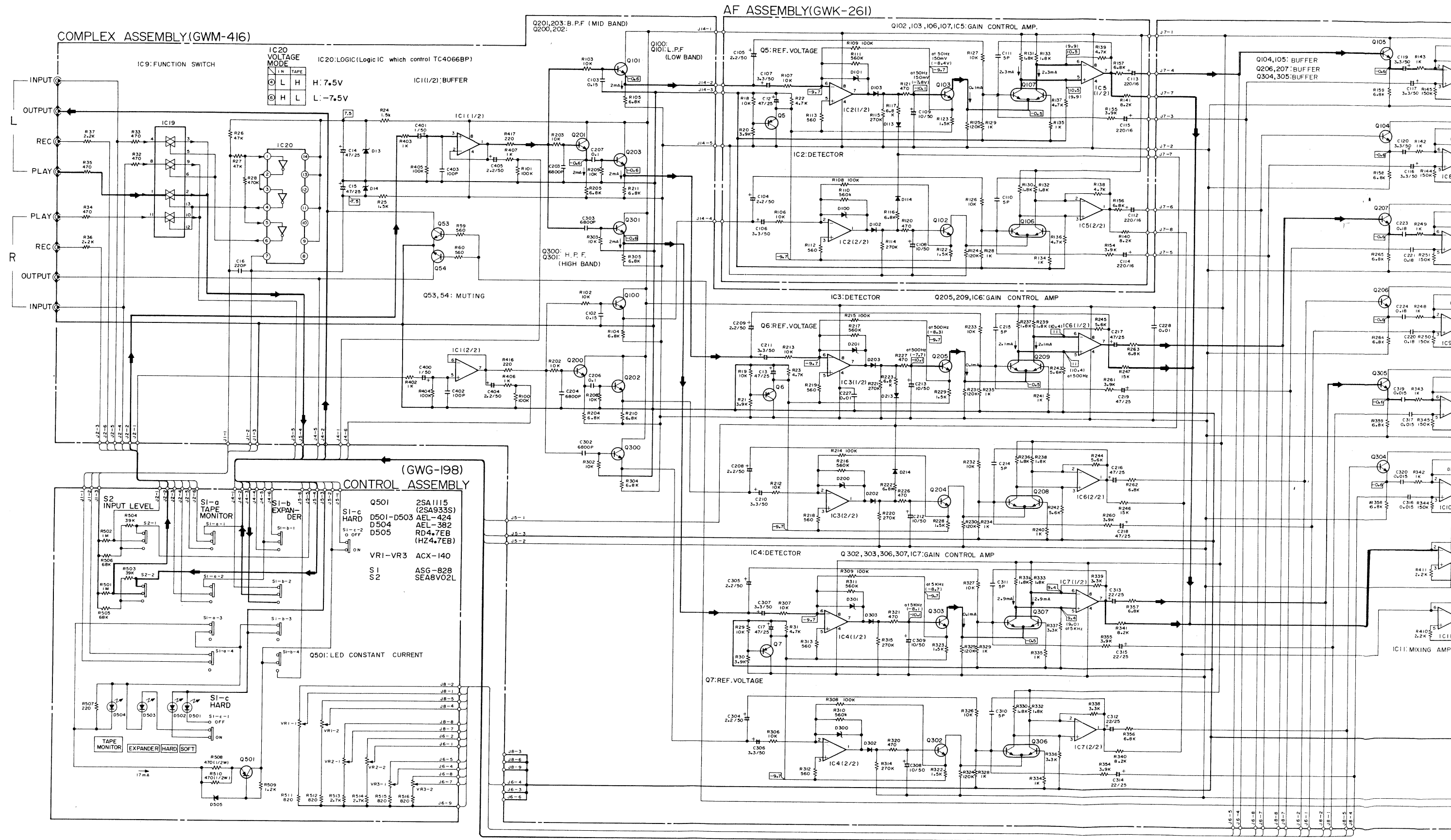
1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6

A

B

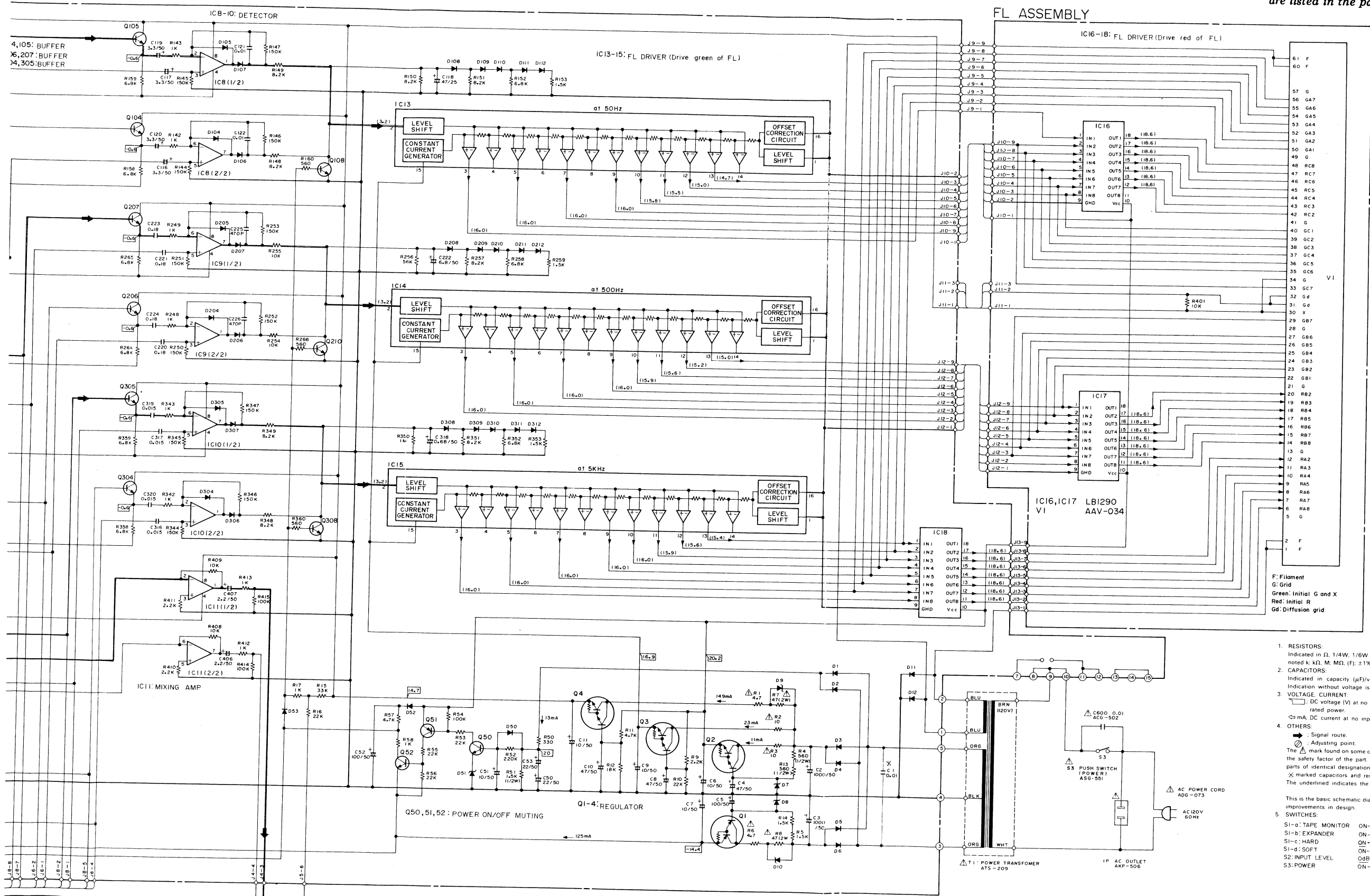
C

D



1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6

NOTE:
The indicated semiconductors are representative ones only. Other alternative semiconductors may be used and are listed in the parts list.



COMPLEX ASSEMBLY

IC1, IC3, IC4, IC6-IC11	NJM45580XC
IC13-IC15	HA12010
IC18	LB1290
IC19	TC4066BP
IC20	TC4069UBP
Q1	2SB750A
Q2-Q4	2SD836A
Q6, Q7, Q51	2SA1115A
	(2SA933S)
Q50, Q52, Q104, Q105, Q206, Q207, Q304, Q305	2SC2603
Q53, Q54, Q108, Q210, Q308	(2SC1740S)
Q210, Q308	2SC2878
Q100, Q200-Q205, Q101, Q300-Q303, Q208, Q209, Q306, Q307	2SC1845
	2SC2259
D1, D2	1S2471
D3-D6	S5566
D7	RD22EB
	(HZ22EB)
D8	RD16EB
	(HZ16EB)
D9, D10	RD9.1EB
	(HZ9.1EB)
D11, D12, D50, D52, D53, D104-D112, D202-D214, D302-D312, D13, D14	RD7.5EB
	(HZ7.5EB)
D51	KZL083
D200, D201, D300, D301	RD10EB
	(HZ10EB)
C1	ACG-019

AF ASSEMBLY

IC2, IC5	NJM4558DXC
Q5	2SA1115
	(2SA933S)
Q102, Q103	2SC1845
Q106, Q107	2SC2259
D100, D101	RD10EB
	(HZ10EB)
D102, D103, D113, D114	ISS131

F: Filament
G: Grid
Green: Initial G and X
Red: Initial R
Gd: Diffusion grid

- RESISTORS:**
Indicated in Ω, 1/W, 1/6W, 1/8W, ±5% tolerance unless otherwise noted; k: 1K, M: 1M, Ω: ±1%, ΩG: ±2%, ΩK: ±10%, ΩM: ±20% tolerance
 - CAPACITORS:**
Indicated in capacity (μF)/voltage (V) unless otherwise noted; p: pF. Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor.
 - VOLTAGE, CURRENT:**
□: DC voltage (V) at no input signal; Value in () is DC voltage at rated power.
⊖: mA, DC current at no input signal
 - OTHERS:**
→: Signal route.
⊕: Adjusting point.
⚠: mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
⊗: marked capacitors and resistors have parts numbers. The underlined indicates the switch position.
- This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may vary due to improvements in design.
- SWITCHES:**
S1-a: TAPE MONITOR ON-OFF
S1-b: EXPANDER ON-OFF
S1-c: HARD ON-OFF
S1-d: SOFT ON-OFF
S2: INPUT LEVEL ON-OFF
S3: POWER ON-OFF

(V): DC(V) (EXP, VR, ALLMAX, EXP ON, SOFT, ATT 0dB) when the specified frequency of signal is input with 150mV.
mA: Direct current (EXP, ON, SOFT, ATT 0dB) when signal is not.

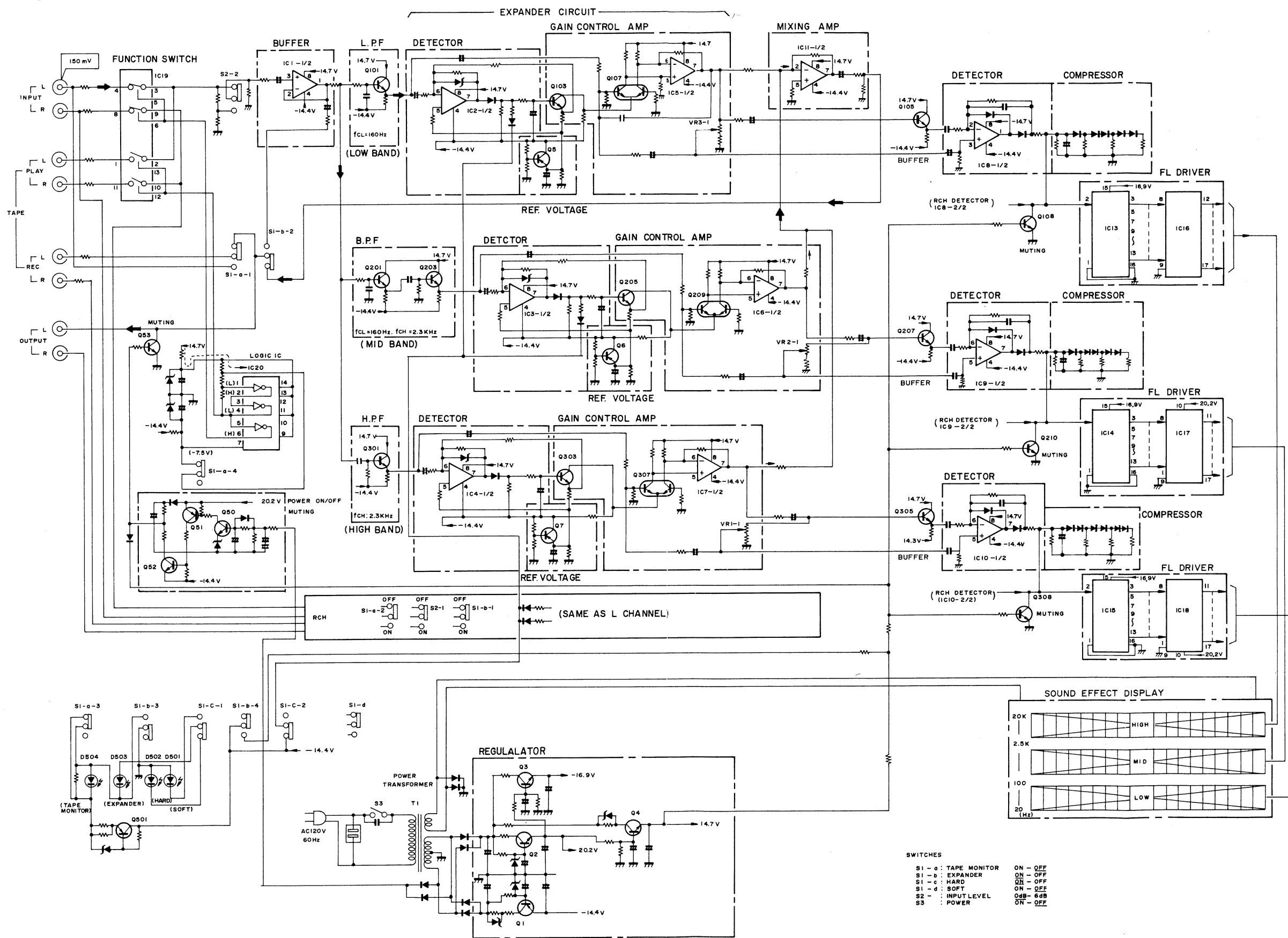
A

B

C

D

8. BLOCK DIAGRAM



9. CIRCUIT

The EX-9000 hall presence by expanding sound program. The circuit is a compressor circuit (it expands the dynamic range of the signal) and a mixing circuit which includes a tube, etc. Fig. 9-1 shows the compressor operation. If the input signal is a voltage circuit, the output becomes higher than that of the input, becoming high in the dynamic range.

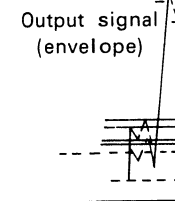


Fig. 9-

9. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS

The EX-9000 is an adaptor which is used to reproduce hall presence live sounds and powerful dynamic sounds by expanding the dynamic range of various kinds of sound program sources.

The circuit is comprised of a buffer amplifier, a filtering circuit (it enables to divide the audio frequencies into 3 bands; namely, HIGH, MID and LOW bands), a detecting circuit, a gain controlling amplifier (G.C.A.), and a mixing circuit. It is also comprised of a driving circuit which is used to actuate the fluorescent indicator tube, etc.

Fig 9-1 shows the characteristics of the level compression and expansion of the dynamic expansion operation. If the voltage to be input to the expanding circuit (It is comprised of a detecting circuit, a reference voltage circuit and a gain controlling amplifier.) is lower than that of the specified level, the gain of the circuit is becoming attenuated in a constant rate. If the input level becomes higher than the specified level, the gain is increased in proportion to the increasing amount, and the dynamic range is also expanded.

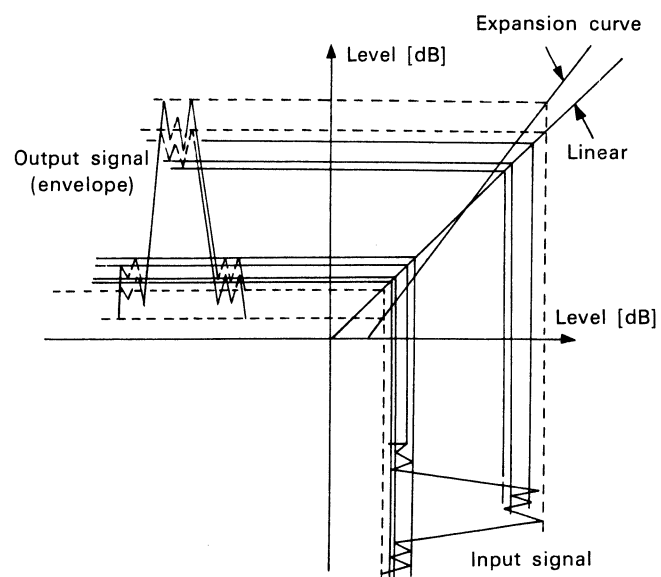


Fig. 9-1 Operation of dynamic expansion

■ Filter circuit

The input signal passed through the buffer amplifier is divided into 3 bands; namely, low band (low-pass filter, $f_{CL}=106$ Hz), middle band (band-pass filter, $f_{CL}=160$ Hz and $f_{CH}=2.3$ kHz) and high band (high-pass filter, $f_{CH}=2.3$ kHz).

■ Detecting circuit

The signal has been divided into 3 bands by the filter is detected by the individual half-wave rectifying circuits to generate DC current to be used to control the gain of the gain control amplifier. (Fig. 9-2)

1. As the zener diode D1 becomes into a conductive state when the positive side of the audio signal is input to R1, after going through the filter, the output (A) point of the differential amplifier IC1 becomes almost zero alternating current, and the controlling current of the gain controlling amplifier becomes $I_{ab}=I_b$.

In turn, in the negative side of the audio signal, as the zener diode D1 becomes into a non-conductive state, the input signal is reversed to an output signal by the amplitude difference ratio between R1 and R2, and it is rectified by D2. The rectified alternating current signal is smoothed by R5 and C1, and thus the DC current can be obtained. At this point, the controlling current of the G.C.A. circuit becomes $I_{ab}=I_a+I_b$.

2. In the state S1 (hard switch) is turned off, the current which has been charged to C1 is discharged through R6 ($R5 < R6$). When R6 is sufficiently large, the discharge time constant $C1R6$ becomes large (the fall time of the DC voltage becomes long). This is called as soft position.
3. In the state S1 is turned on, the current which has been charged to C1 is discharged through R7 ($R7 < R6$, $R5 < R7$).

The discharge time constant $C1R7$ becomes smaller than that of aforementioned soft position (the fall time of DC voltage becomes short). This is called as hard position.

4. By varying the fall time of DC voltage, the following effects can be obtained.

Hard position: When the fall time of DC voltage is shortened, the sound becomes full of lively tone. (This corresponds to a music of high tempo.)

Soft position: When the fall time of DC voltage is elongated the sound becomes massive tone. (This corresponds to a music of slow tempo.)

The effects of soft/hard can be applied only to the low and middle bands.

■ Gain controlling amplifier (G.C.A.)

The DC voltage which has been rectified with the detecting circuit is converted into a DC current and it is added to the constant current to be used to control the gain of the gain controlling amplifier. In addition, the feedback resistor is another controlling element of the gain controlling amplifier.

The expansion amount is increased or decreased by varying VR3.

■ Mixer

The output signals of the individual filter blocks (namely, LOW, MID and HIGH) are added and input with the mixer of the final stage.

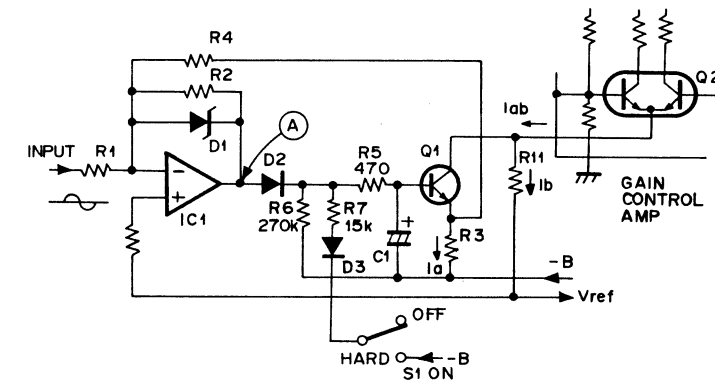


Fig. 9-2 Detecting circuit

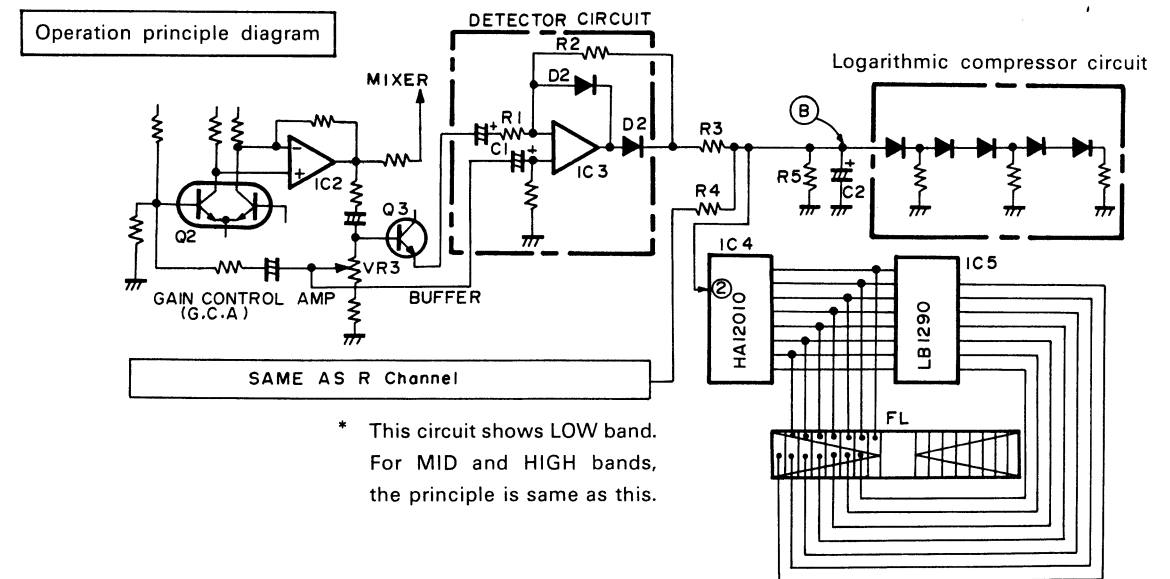


Fig. 9-3 Gain controlling amplifier and FL driving circuit

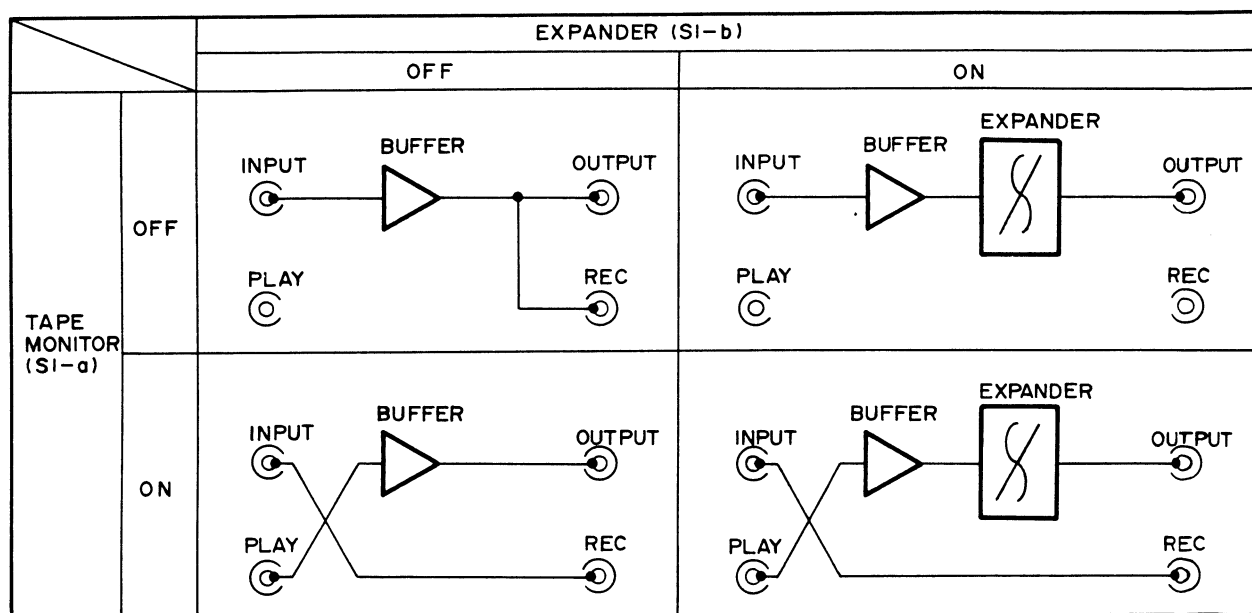
■ FL driving circuit

Extract a signal from the variable volume control VR3 which is the feedback resistor of the gain controlling amplifier, and it is detected and blended with the similarly detected outputs of other channels. Thus the blended signal drives the FL which displays the increased amount of the expansion.

1. The voltage obtained from the variable volume control VR3, which is positioned in the feedback section of the gain controlling amplifier, is amplified by the differential amplifier IC3. The detecting circuit of IC3 performs the same operation as that of IC1 described in the previous section.

2. The detecting output of both L and R channels are smoothed with C2 after they are being mixed by passing through R3 and R4, and furthermore, they are compressed logarithmically and converted into DC voltages (at point B). The DC voltage obtained at point B is input to pin 2 of IC HA12010 which drives the FL, and it drives HA12010 when white FL light is lit and drives LB1290 when red FL light is lit in response to the level at point B.

Conbinations of tape monitoring switch (S1-a) and expander switch (S1-b)



10. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

NOTES:

- When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.
Ex. 1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J=5%, and K=10%).
 560Ω 56 × 10¹ 561 RD½PS 561 J
 47kΩ 47 × 10³ 473 RD½PS 473 J
 0.5Ω 0R5 RN2H 0R5 K
 1Ω 010 RS1P 010 K
Ex. 2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors).
 5.62kΩ 562 × 10¹ 5621 RN¼SR 5621 F
- The Δ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★★** and **★**.
★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★
 This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

**Miscellaneous Parts
P.C. BOARD ASSEMBLIES**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Control assembly	GWG-198
	AF assembly	GWK-261
	Complex assembly	GWM-416
	FL assembly	Non supply

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
Δ ★★	S3 Push switch (POWER)	ASG-551
Δ ★	T1 Power transformer (120V)	ATS-209
Δ	C600 ceramic capacitor (0.01/125V)	ACG-502
Δ	AC Power cord	ADG-073
Δ	AC socket (AC OUTLET)	AKP-506

**Control Assembly (GWG-198)
SEMICONDUCTORS**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	D504 LED	AEL-382
★	D501—D503 LED	AEL-424
★	D505	RD4.7EB (HZ4.7EB)
★★	Q501	2SA1115 (2SA933S)

SWITCHES

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	S1 Push switch (TAPE MONITOR, EXPANDER, HARD, SOFT)	ASG-828
★★	S2 Push switch (INPUT LEVEL)SEA8V02L	

RESISTORS

NOTE: When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★	VR1—VR3 Slide resistor (EXPANSION LEVEL)	ACX-140
	R508, R510	RD1/2PM471J
	R509	RD1/4PM122J
	Other resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

**AF assembly (GWK-261)
SEMICONDUCTORS**

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
★★	IC2, IC5	NJM4558DXC
★	D100, D101	RD10EB (HZ10EB)
★	D102, D103, D113, D114	1SS131
★★	Q5	2SA1115 (2SA933S)
★★	Q102, Q103	2SC1845
★★	Q106, Q107	2SC2259

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C110, C111	CCCSL050C50 (CCDSL050C50)
	C104, C105	CEANL2R2M50
	C108, C109	CEAS100M50
	C112, C113, C114, C115	CEAS221M16
	C106, C107	CEAS3R3M50
	C12	CEAS470M25

RESISTORS

NOTE: When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	All resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

Complex Assembly (GWM-416) SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
**	IC13—IC15	HA12010
**	IC18	LB1290
**	IC19	TC4066BP
**	IC20	TC4069UBP
**	IC1, IC3, IC4, IC6—IC11	NJM4558DXC
**	Q6, Q7, Q51	2SA1115 (2SA933S)
**	Q1	2SB750A
**	Q100, Q101, Q200—Q205, Q300, Q301—Q303	2SC1845
**	Q2—Q4	2SD836A
**	Q50, Q52, Q104, Q105, Q206, Q207, Q304, Q305	2SC2603 (2SC1740S)
**	Q53, Q54, Q108, Q210, Q308	2SC2878
**	Q208, Q209, Q306, Q307	2SC2259
*	D51	KZL083
*	D200, D201, D300, D301	RD10EB (HZ10EB)
*	D8	RD16EB (HZ16EB)
*	D7	RD22EB (HZ22EB)
*	D13, D14	RD7.5EB (HZ7.5EB)
*	D9, D10	RD9.1EB (HZ9.1EB)
*	D3—D6	S5566
*	D11, D12, D50, D52, D53, D104—D112, D202—D214, D302—D312	1SS131
*	D1, D2	1S2471

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C1 (0.01/AC150V)	ACG-019
	C214, C215, C310, C311	CCCSL050C50 (CCDSL050C50)
	C402, C403	CCCSL101J50 (CCDSL101J50)
	C16	CCCSL221J50 (CCDSL221J50)
	C400, C401	CEANL010M50
	C208, C209, C304, C305, C406, C407	CEANL2R2M50
	C318	CEASR68M50
	C6, C7, C9, C11, C51, C212, C213, C308, C309	CEAS100M50
	C5, C52	CEAS101M50
	C2, C3	CEAS102M50
	C404, C405	CEAS2R2M50
	C312—C315	CEAS220M25
	C50, C53	CEAS220M50

Mark	Symbol and Description	Part No.
	C116, C117, C119, C120, C210, C211, C306, C307	CEAS3M50
	C13—C15, C17, C118, C216, C217, C218, C219	CEAS470M25
	C4, C8, C10	CEAS470M50
	C222	CEAS6R8M50
	C225, C226	CKCYB471K50 (CKDYD471K50)
	C227, C228	CKDYF103Z50
	C121, C122	CQMA103J50
	C206, C207	CQMA104J50
	C316, C317, C319, C320	CQMA153J50
	C102, C103	CQMA154J50
	C220, C221, C223, C224	CQMA184J50
	C202, C203, C302, C303	CQMA682J50

RESISTORS

NOTE: When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	R51	RD1/2PM152J
	R4, R13	RD1/2PM561J
	R50	RD1/4PM331J
	R5, R9, R11, R14, R24, R25, R57, R58	RD1/4PM□□□J
	R2, R3	RFA1/4PS100J
	R1, R6	RFA1/4PS4R7J
	R7, R8	RS2LMF470J
	Other resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	Terminal (4P) (IN, OUT, TAPE) Screw 3x6	AKB-094 PBZ30P06OFMC

FL Assembly SEMICONDUCTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
**	IC16, IC17	LB1290

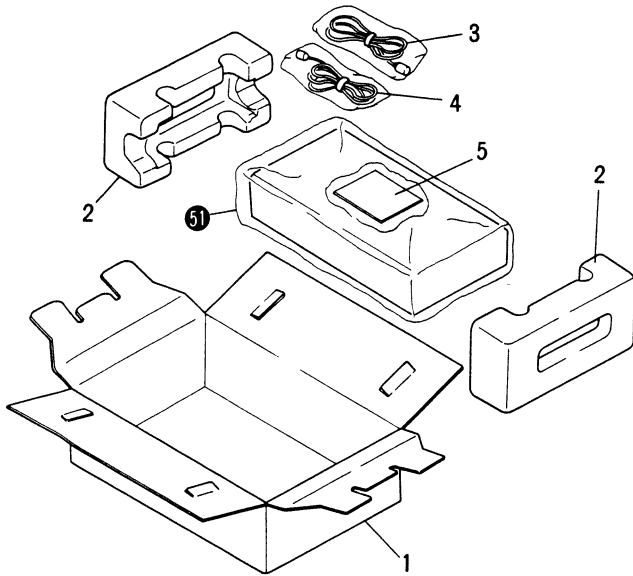
RESISTORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	R401	RD1/8PM103J

OTHERS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	V1 Fluorescent indicator tube	AAV-034

11. PACKING



Parts List

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1	AHE-524	Packing case (for [BK])
	2	AHA-376	Side pad
	3	ADE-072	Connector cord (with plug)
	4	ADE-073	Connector cord (with plug)
	5	ARB-687	Operating instructions (English)
51			Vinyl sheet

12. FOR S AND S/G TYPES

Model EX-9000/S and S/G types are the same as the EX-9000/KU with the exception of following sections.

Miscellaneous Parts

Mark	Symbol & Description	Parts No.			Remarks
		KU type	S type	S/G type	
★	T1 Power transformer (120V)	ATS-209	.....	.....
	T1 Power transformer (110V, 120V, 220V, 240V)	.....	ATS-238	ATS-238	
★★	AC socket (AC OUTLET)	AKP-506	AKP-507	AKP-507	
	S4 Line voltage selector	.....	AKX-502	AKX-502	
	Screw 3×8 (For line voltage selector)	.....	BBZ30P	BBZ30P	
	Packing case (For black type)	AHE-524	O80FZK	O80FZK	
	Packing case (For silver type)	.....	AHE-524	AHE-608	
	Spacer (For packing)	.....	AHE-607	.....
		.....	.....	AHB-148	

Circuit Diagram

S and S/G types

